

Karaikudi - 630003. Tamil Nadu, India







FACULTY OF EDUCATION ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF EDUCATION



DIPLOMA IN COGNITIVE SCIENCE

REGULATIONS AND SYLLABUS

(For the candidates admitted from the **Academic Year 2022 - 2023)**

ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY COLLEGEOF EDUCATION

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[For the candidates admitted from the AcademicYear2022–2023 onwards]



ALAGAPPAUNIVERSITY

(A State University Accredited with "A+" grade by NAAC (CGPA:3.64) in the Third Cycle and Graded as Category-I University by MHRD-UGC)

Karaikudi-630003, TamilNadu.

THE PANEL OF MEMBERS-BROAD BASED BOARD OF STUDIES

	T
Convener: Dr. J. E. Merlin Sasikala, Principal i/c, College of Education Teaching experience: 20 years, Research Experience: 15, Area of Research: Educational Psychology, Teacher Education and Educational Technology	
Foreign Subject Expert: Prof. Vinnaras Nithyanantham, Professor	
Education and Languages, Department of General Education, Lebanese	
French University, Iraq. Teaching experience: 17 years,Research Experience: 17,	
Subject Expert: Dr. I. Muthuchamy, Professor and Head, Department	
of Educational Technology, Bharathidasan University	
Tiruchirapalli. Teaching experience: 26 years, Research Experience:	7
26, Area of Research: Educational Technology and	
Education Psychology.	Marie Marie
a Libotatops	
Subject Expert: Dr. K. Chellamani Ph.D., Dean – Faculty of Education, Department of Education, Pondichery University, Pondichery. Teaching experience: 25 years, Research Experience: 26, Area of Research: Educational Psychology, Research Design and Methods, Pedagogy of technology	
Subject Expert for Diploma in Cognitive Science Programme: Dr.	
A. Jahitha Begum, Professor and Head, Department of Education Gandhigram Rural Institute, Dindigul. Teaching experience: 16 years, Research Experience: 10, Area of Research: Cognitive Science, Communicative Competence	
Industry Expert: Mr. S. Rajapandian, Headmaster, Alagappa Model	
Higher Sec. School, Karaikudi. Teaching Experience: 25 years, Research Experience: 8 years, Area of Research: Chemical Science and Educational Psychology.	
Special Invitee: Prof. P. Sivakumar, Professor & Head, Department of	
Education (DDE), Alagappa University, Karaikudi. Teaching experience: 33 years, Research Experience:26, Area of Research: Education Technology, Education Psychology and Curriculum Development	
Special invitee for Diploma in Cognitive Science Programme:Dr. J.	
Sujathamalini, Professor & Head, Dean of Education, Department of Special Education and Rehabilitation Science Alagappa University, Karaikudi. Teaching experience: 20 years, Research Experience:15, Area of Research: Educational Psychology and Special Education and	
Education	

Student Alumni: Dr. AR. Saravanakumar, Assistant Professor & Head i/c, Department of History, Alagappa University, Karaikudi. Teaching experience: 25 years, Research Experience: 15, Area of Research: Teaching Strategies, Education Psychology and Special Education	
Ex-Officio Member: Dr. V. Sivakumar, Director, Curriculum Development Cell, Alagappa University, Karaikudi-03. Teaching experience: 20 years, Research Experience: 11, Area of Research: Marketing Management, Agricultural Marketing, International Logistics, Retail Logistics, Consumer Research	
Member: Dr. C. Anbuchelvan, Assistant Professor in Commerce College of Education, Teaching experience: 15 years, ResearchExperience: 10, Area of Research: Educational Psychology and technology.	
Member: Dr. A. Pio Albina, Assistant Professor in Mathematics, College of Education, Teaching experience: 13 years, research Experience: 11, Area of Research: Mathematics Education and Education technology	
Member: Dr. M. Parimala Fathima, Assistant Professor, in Physical Science, College of Education, Teaching experience: 18 years, research Experience: 18, Area of Research: Cognitive Science Education and Teaching competency.	
Member: Dr. M. Suganthi, Assistant Professor in Tamil, College of Education, Teaching experience: 18 years, research Experience: 15, Area of Research: Teaching of Tamil, Psychology, Sociology.	
Member: Dr. R. Portia, Assistant Professor in Education, College of Education, Teaching experience: 16 years, research Experience: 16, Area of Research: Educational Psychology, Guidance and Counselling.	
Member: Dr. J. Jayachithra, Assistant Professor in Education, College of Education, Teaching experience: 13 years, research Experience: 12, Area of Research: Life skills, Psychology.	
Member: Dr. M. Sanmuga Revathi, Assistant Professor in Education, College of Education, Teaching experience: 13 years, research Experience: 7, Area of Research: Bio cognition, meta cognition.	
Member: Dr. G. Sivakumar, Assistant Professor in Education, College of Education, Teaching experience: 15 years, research Experience: 9, Area of Research:Primary Education	

Member: Dr. G. Rajeswari, Assistant Professor in Biological Science, College of Education, Teaching experience: 13 years, research Experience: 12, Area of Research: Life skills, Psychology, Biological Science	
Member: Mr. I. Lenin, Assistant Professor in Education, College of Education, Teaching experience: 6 years, research Experience: 4, Area of Research: Social Emotional Learning	AND THE A
Member: Dr. A. Rube Jesintha, Assistant Professor in Physical Education, College of Education, Teaching experience: 06 years, Research Experience: 12, Area of Research: Physical and yoga Education.	
Member: Mrs. EMN. Sharmila, Arts & Crafts Instructor, College of Education, Teaching experience: 8 years, research Experience: 04, Area of Research: Arts and crafts and computer applications	A Section Control of the Control of



DIPLOMA IN COGNITIVE SCIENCE EDUCATION

Introduction:

Diploma in cognitive science is a six months programme. Cognitive science is the interdisciplinary, scientific study of the mind and its processes. It examines the nature, the tasks, and the functions of cognition (in a broad sense). Cognitive scientists study intelligenceand behavior, with a focus on how nervous systems represent, process, and transform information. The typical analysis of cognitive science spans many levels of organization, from learning and decision to logic and planning; from neural circuitry to modular brain organization. The fundamental concept of cognitive science is that "thinking can best be understood in terms of representational structures in the mind and computational procedures that operate on those structures. Accordingly the course contains with a view to inspire young graduates to identify, analyze and evaluate the cognitive process.

Programme Objectives:

- To acquaint with theories of human cognitive development
- To acquire knowledge about meaning, concept and scope of cognitive science
- Define cognitive science, and identify their key characteristics and principles.
- To familiarize with research in human cognitive development.
- To understand mind and its processes
- To understand the knowledge and functions of cognition, meta cognition and neurocognition
- To aware of mental processes and problem-solving.
- To identify, analyze, and evaluate cognitive processes.
- Identify and describe the different types of testing devices used in guidance, such as intelligence tests, aptitude tests, and interest inventories.
- Acquire knowledge, skills needed for effective teaching, strengthen their physical well -being and improve mental health in order to cope up with classroom problems.

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)

Programme Outcomes (POs): Diploma in Cognitive Science

After successful completion of the programme, the Pre-service teachers will be able to

	Pedagogical Excellence: Pre-service teachers teachers learn to use effective							
PO1	teaching strategies and create instructional materials that improved student							
	learning. They understand a personal educational philosophy to guide the							
	teaching learning process.							
	Professional Development: Pre-Service Teachers demonstrate a deep							
PO2	understanding of educational theories and principles, including learning,							
	teaching, assessment, and action research for Cognitive Development.							
	Communication Skills: Pre-Service Teachers able to communicate							
PO3	effectively and professionally with diverse audiences, including students,							
	colleagues, parents, and community members.							
	Assessment and Evaluation: Pre-service teachers able to design,							
PO4	implement, and evaluate assessments that accurately measure student learning							
	and provide meaningful feedback to learners.							
	Technical Expertise: Pre-service teachers to integrate educational technology							
PO5	effectively into instructional practices to improve teaching and learning in							
	Cognitive Science Education.							

	Diversity and Inclusion: Pre-service teachers able to create inclusive learning							
PO6	environments that respect and value diversity, including cultural, linguistic, and							
	ability differences.							
	Professionalism and Ethical Conduct: Pre-service teachers demonstrate							
PO7	professionalism and ethical conduct in their interactions with students,							
	colleagues, and other stakeholders in the educational process.							
	Collaborative and Leadership Skills: Pre-service teachers able to work							
PO8	collaboratively with other educators and stakeholders and children							
	with special needs to achieve educational goals, effectively lead and							
	manage educational institutions and systems.							
	Community Engagement: Pre-service teachers engage with local communities							
PO9	to develop and deliver educational programs that meet the needs of diverse							
	learners.							
	Lifelong Learning and Continuous Improvement: Pre-service teachers able							
PO10	to demonstrate a commitment to ongoing reflection, self-assessment, and							
	professional development to improve their practice.							

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES (PSOs)

After the successful completion of the Diploma program, the students are expected to

PSO	Statement
PSO1	Analyse the impact of nature versus nurture on human Cognitive
	development.
PSO2	Explain how individual differences affect learning and the role of the
	practioner r in addressing those differences.
PSO3	Discuss the importance of emotional intelligence and its rolein academic and
	social success.
PSO4	Apply principles of cognitive development to design appropriate teaching
	strategies for learners of different ages and also children with special needs.
PSO5	Critique the effectiveness of different teaching strategies and also
	practicingassessment methods in promoting student learning.

Eligibility for Admission:

Applicants must have qualified any UG degree. There is no upper age limit gettingadmission.

Attendance:

The minimum attendance of students shall have to be 80% for the programme.

Assessment / Evaluation:

The performance of a student in each course evaluated in terms of percentage of marks with a provision for conversion to grade points. Evaluation for each course shall be done by a continuous internal assessment by the concerned course teacher by internal assessments and consolidated at the end of the course along with the external assessment.

Continuous Internal Evaluation for Theory Courses:

The internal assessment marks for theory courses are about 25 marks each, shall be based on attendance, tests, seminars and assignments.

a. Test (average of best of two tests)	10
b. Assignment	05
c. seminar/Discussion	05
d. Attendance	05
Total=	25

External:

For the external assessment of theory courses, marks will be awarded to a maximum of 75 in each course.

Question Paper Pattern (External Examination):

Diploma in Cognitive Science – Examination

Duration:3 Hours Maximum Marks: 75

Section - A $(10\times2=20)$

Answer the following questions in about 50 words each

Section - B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

Answer any FIVE out of Eight of the following in about 200 words each.

Section – C $(2\times15=30)$

Answer the following questions in about 600 words each. (Internal choice)



Curriculum frame work for Diploma in Cognitive Science:

S.No.	Course	Courses	Title of the Paper	T/P	Cr.	Hrs./	Max Marks		
5.110.	code	Courses	Title of the Laper	1/1	CI.	week	Int.	Ext.	Total
1	717101	Core Course-I	Foundations of Cognitive Science -I	Т	4	5	25	75	100
2	717102	Core Course-II	Cognitive Neuro Science Education	Т	4	5	25	75	100
3	717103	Core Practical-	Counseling and Psychotherapy for children with special needs- Case Study	P	5	10	25	75	100
4	717104	Core Practical -	Mindfulness Education/ Yoga/ Meditation	P	5	10	25	75	100
			Total		18	30	100	300	400

Declaration of Results:

For a pass in the university examination, a minimum of 40% (30 marks) out of a maximum of 75 marks should be secured by the candidate and minimum of 50 marks out of amaximum of 100 marks in both the internal assessment and university examinations in each course. There is no separate for minimum marks for the internal assessment

Syllabus:

The syllabus of the diploma programme consists of two different courses synthesing theoretical component. The programme would follow the great system in evaluation and it includes both internal and external assessment. The diploma in cognitive science will be awarded to those who have successfully completed the course. The programme comprises two courses

Core	CourseCode	FOUNDATIONS OF COGNITIVE	Т	Credits:4	Hours:5
Core	717 101	SCIENCE-I	•	Credits	110415.0
	, 1, 101	Unit –I			
Objectiv	e 1 To acquir	e knowledge on basic principles of cogn	itive	science.	
	UCTION				
Meaning,	concept, need, o	bjectives, scope of cognitive science -bra	nche	s of cognitiv	e science-
cognitive	science and tead	her education			
Outcom	e1 Explain	about basic principle of cognitive scienc	e.		K2
		Unit II			
Objectiv	e 2 To unde	rstand the cognitive and mental process	•		
	IVE PROCESS	· · · ·			
_	_	ition, concept-Nature of mental process su			_
nemory, a	attention, image	ry, language, intelligence, decision-making	g, pr	oblem solvin	g, morality,
ove.		and the second			
Outcome 2 Discuss cognitive and its related mental process.					
		Unit III			
Objectiv	e 3 To und	Unit III erstand the sensory process and the con	cept	of cognition	ı
Ū	e 3 To und	erstand the sensory process and the con	cept	of cognition	1
BRAIN A	ND NEURON	erstand the sensory process and the con			
BRAIN A	ND NEURON	erstand the sensory process and the con	ransı		
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E	ND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil	erstand the sensory process and the constant of services, structure of neuron, neurot	ransı	mitters and it	
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E	ND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil	erstand the sensory process and the con Sorain, neurons, structure of neuron, neurotity, emotion and feeling, brain based learn	ransı	mitters and it	s function,
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E	ND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil Explain (erstand the sensory process and the constant of sensory process and the constant of sensory process and the concept of constant of sensory process.	ransı	mitters and it	s function,
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E Outcome Objectiv	ND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil Explain t To under	prain, neurons, structure of neuron, neurotity, emotion and feeling, brain based learn the sensory process and the concept of concep	ransı ing. o gni t	mitters and it	s function,
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E Outcomes Objectiv LEARNII Neurologi	ND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil Explain t Ye4 To under NG AND MEM cal disorder- Al	brain, neurons, structure of neuron, neurot ity, emotion and feeling, brain based learn the sensory process and the concept of concept Unit IV stand learning and memory ORY zheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and	ransing.	nitters and it	s function,
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E Outcomes Objectiv LEARNII	AND NEURON Brain function of Brain compatibil Explain t To under NG AND MEM cal disorder- Al rain tumors, Hui	prain, neurons, structure of neuron, neurotity, emotion and feeling, brain based learn the sensory process and the concept of concep	ransing. ognit	nitters and it	s function,
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BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E Outcome Objectiv LEARNII Neurologi strokes, br	ND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil Explain t Ye4 To under NG AND MEM cal disorder- Al rain tumors, Hur 4 Students	prain, neurons, structure of neuron, neurotity, emotion and feeling, brain based learn the sensory process and the concept of control Unit IV stand learning and memory CORY zheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and thington's disease, epilepsy, learning disable would become proficient to the skills es for delivering interventions.	ransing. ognit	nitters and it	s function, K5 lesions from
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E Outcomes Objective LEARNII Neurologi strokes, br Outcomes	ND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil Explain t Ye4 To under NG AND MEM cal disorder- Al rain tumors, Hui Students procedur	prain, neurons, structure of neuron, neurotity, emotion and feeling, brain based learned he sensory process and the concept of control IV stand learning and memory ORY zheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, and tington's disease, epilepsy, learning disable would become proficient to the skills es for delivering interventions. Unit V	ransing. ognit	nitters and it	s function, K5 lesions from
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E Outcome Objective LEARNI Neurologi strokes, br Outcome Outcome	AND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil Brain to under NG AND MEM cal disorder- Al rain tumors, Hui Students procedur	crestand the sensory process and the cones or ain, neurons, structure of neuron, neurotity, emotion and feeling, brain based learn the sensory process and the concept of contity of the sensory process and the concept of the sensory process and the concept of the sensory process and the concept o	ransing. ognit	nitters and it	s function, K5 lesions from
Objective COGNIT	ND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil Explain t Ye4 To under NG AND MEM cal disorder- Al rain tumors, Hur 4 Students procedur Ye 5 To und ION AND ME	crestand the sensory process and the constant of neuron, neurons, structure of neuron, neurons, ity, emotion and feeling, brain based learns the sensory process and the concept of control of the sensory process and the concept of the sensor	ransing. ognit	nitters and it	s function, K5 lesions from K3
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E Outcome Objective EARNI Neurologic strokes, br Outcome Objective COGNIT Metacogn	AND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil Brain tompatibil Brain tompati	crestand the sensory process and the constant of neuron, neurons, structure of neuron, neurons, ity, emotion and feeling, brain based learns the sensory process and the concept of control of the s	ransing. ognit nnesibility and	a, and focal	s function, K5 lesions from K3
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E Outcome Objective LEARNII Neurologi strokes, br Outcome Objective COGNIT Metacogn Types of r	ND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil Brain tompatibil Te4 To under NG AND MEM cal disorder- Al rain tumors, Hur Students procedur Te 5 To und ION AND ME ition: meaning, metacognitive le	crestand the sensory process and the constraint, neurons, structure of neuron, neurons ity, emotion and feeling, brain based learned he sensory process and the concept of control of the sensory pr	ransing. ognit nnesibility and	a, and focal	s function, K5 lesions from K3
BRAIN A Structure a synapse. E Outcome Objective LEARNII Neurologi strokes, br Outcome Objective COGNIT Metacogn Types of r	AND NEURON and function of Brain compatibil Brain tompatibil Brain tompati	crestand the sensory process and the constant of neuron, neurons, structure of neuron, neurons, ity, emotion and feeling, brain based learns the sensory process and the concept of control of the s	ransing. ognit nnesibility and	a, and focal	s function, K5 lesions from

References:

Baron, J.B. & Sternberg, RJ. (Eds.) (1987).

Teaching thinking skills: Theory and practice. New York: Freeman.

Beyer, B. (1988). Developing a thinking skills program. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.

Cormier, S.M. & Hagman, J.D. (Eds.) (1987). Transfer of training. San Diego, CA:Academic Press.

Costa, A (Ed.) (2001). Developing minds, 3rd edition. Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.

De Bono, E. (1985) Six thinking hats. London: Penguin.

Ditter, D. & Sternberg, R (Eds.) (1993). Transfer on trial: Intelligence, cognition and instruction. Feurstein, Rafael; Feuerstein, Reuven; and Falk, L (2004). User's guide to the theory and practice of the Feuerstein Instrumental Enrichment BASIC Program. Jerusalem: International Center for the Enhancement of Learning Potential.

Feuerstein, R, Klein, P.S., & Tannenbaum, AJ. (1991). Mediated learning experience: Theoretical, psychological and learning implications. London: Freund Publishing House.

Feuerstein, R, Rand,Y., & Rynder, J.E. (1988). Don't accept me as I am: Helping "retarded" people to excel. New York: Plenum. Feuerstein's theory and applied systems: A reader (2003). Jerusalem: International Center for the Enhancement of Learning Potential.

Furth, H. and Wachs (1974). M. Paiget's theory in practice: Thinking goes to school. New York: Oxford.

Gaskins, J. and Elliot, T.(1991). Implementing cognitive strategy training across the school: The benchmark manual for teachers. Brookline, MA: Brookline Books.

Lensgold, A & Glaser, R, (Eds.) (1989). Foundations for a psychology of education.

Resnick, L.(1987). Education and learning to think. Washington, D.C.: National Academy Press.

Roth, M. and Szamoskozi, S. (2001). Activating cognitive functions of children living in an impoverished environment: A Romanian perspective. Hampshire, England: Project INSIDE.

Mooc Course: Student Psychology

Abnormal Psychology

Online resources

https://dst.gov.in/cognitive-science-research-initiative-csri

https://cogsci.jhu.edu/about/#:~:text=What%20Is%20Cognitive%20Science%3F,are%20re alized%20in%20the%20brain.

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/15516709

https://cognitivesciencesociety.org/

https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/neuroscience/cognitive-science

Mooc Course: Cognition and its computation

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22_ee122/preview

K1-Remember	K2-Understand	K3-Apply	K4-Analyze	K4-Evaluate	K6-Create
	1	C	ourse designed l	y: Dr.M.Parimal	a Fathima

COURSE OUTCOMES VS PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

СО	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO10
CO 1	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)	L(1)	-	-	L(1)	M(2)	-	-
CO 2	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	-	L(1)	-	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)
CO 3	M(2)	L(1)	M (2)	M(2)	-	H (3)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)
CO 4	L(1)	H(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)	H(3)	H(3)	-
CO 5	H(3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	H (3)	H(3)	M (2)	H(3)	H(3)	L(1)
W.AV.	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6	0.8	1.8	1	2.4	2	0.6

1. Slight (low), 2. Moderate (Medium), 3. High

COURSE OUTCOMES VS PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

СО	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	L(1)	M(2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)
CO 2	M (2)	M (2)	H(3)	M (2)	M (2)
CO 3	M(2)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	M(2)
CO 4	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)	M(2)	H (3)
CO 5	M (2)	M(2)	H(3)	H(3)	H(3)
W.AV.	1.6	1.6	2.4	1.8	2.4

1. Slight (low), 2. Moderate (Medium), 3. High

Core	Course	Code:		COGN	NITIVE	NEURO	O SCIE	ENCE		T	Cred	its:4	Hour	s:5
	717	102			EDU	CATIO	ON							
						Unit -I								
Object	ive 1 To	acquain	ted wi	th the	ories of	human	cogniti	ve dev	elopm	ent.				
FUNDA	MENDA	L CON	CEPTS	S OF C	COGNIT	TIVE SO	CIENC	EE						
Cognitiv	e psych	ology, co	gnitive	e neuro	oscience	– Neu	ro cogi	nitive	disord	ers –	Futu	re of	cogn	itiv
science -	- Researc	ch method	ds in co	ognitiv	e neuro s	science.								
Outcom	e1 Di	fferentia	te the	cogniti	ion and	meta co	gnition	n and	neuro	cogn	ition		K	4
	l l				,	Unit II							I	
Object	ive 2 To	identify	, analy	ze, an	d evalua	ite cogn	itive p	rocesse	es.					
META(COGNIT	IVE KN	OWL	EDGE	AND F	UNCTI	ONS							
_		owledge							_					_
_		ons: con					ntity of	data ;	gather	ed by	an ii	ndivi	dual i	n ai
		he proble					748	b						
Outcom		ware of o						ow tha	t awa	renes	s can	lead	to K	2
	be	come a n	nore e	ffective	e proble	m-solve	er.	E.						
				1		Unit III								
Object	ive 3 To	underst	and th	e cogn	i <mark>tion an</mark>	d meta	cogniti	ion an	d neu	ro co	gnitio	n		
METAC	COCNIT	IVE EX	DEDII	INICE	YIII Y		ZANV.							
	JUGINI													
IVICTACOO	mitive E				ries info	ormation	n and e	arlier e	exnerie	ences	to sol	ve th	e task	of
_		kperience	: recall	memo										
learning.	- Metaco	kperience gnitive ex	: recall xperien	memo	stration,	disappo	ointmen							
learning- to metac	- Metaco ognition	xperience gnitive ex positive	: recall xp <mark>erie</mark> n attitud	memo ce: fru e and p	stration, positive f	disappo feelings.	ointmen						Critic	al
learning- to metac	- Metaco ognition	kperience gnitive ex	: recall xp <mark>erie</mark> n attitud	memo ce: fru e and p	st <mark>ration,</mark> positi <mark>ve</mark> 1 e proces	disappo feelings. ses	oint <mark>me</mark> n							al
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learning- to metac Outcom	- Metaco cognition e3 E	xperience gnitive ex positive	: recall xperien attitud the co	memonice: frume and properties gnitive end on	stration, positive f e process l e's own	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental	ointmen	t, happ	iness,	or sa	tisfact	ion –	Critic	al [6
learning- to metac Outcom Object	- Metaco ognition e3 E	sperience gnitive ex positive laborate Become becomin	: recall xperien attitud the co e aware g a mo	memore frue and properties of one effective	stration, cositive f e process e's own ective pr	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental oblem-	ointmen	t, happ	iness,	or sa	tisfact	ion –	Critic	al [6
learning- to metac Outcom Object	- Metaco ognition e3 E	positive expositive laborate Become becomin	e aware g a mo	memore: fru gnitive e of on ore effe	stration, positive f e process l e's own ective pr	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental roblem-	proces	t, happ	d how	or sa	tisfact	enes	K K s can	al 6
learning to metac Outcom Object COGNI	- Metaco ognition e3 E to to TIVE N system -	positive expositive laborate Become becomin	e aware g a mo	memore: fru e and properties of one effects system	stration, positive for process e's own ective process NCTIO m, Autor	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental roblem-	processolver.	sses an	d how	that	tisfact awar e of br	enes	K s can	eal 6 lead
learning- to metac Outcom Object COGNI Nervous Role of	- Metaco ognition e3 E ive 4 To to TIVE N system - neuron,	positive expositive expositive laborate Become becomin EURO S - central properties of the synapses,	e aware g a mo	memore: fru e and properties e of one effects system transm	e process e process e's own ective process NCTIO m, Autoritters, El	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental roblem- N nomous	processolver.	sses an	d how	that	tisfact awar e of br	enes	K s can	eal 6 lead
COGNI Nervous Role of	- Metaco ognition e3 E to to TIVE N system - neuron, g - Brain	positive expositive expositive expositive laborate becoming EURO Secontral resynapses, imaging	e aware g a monerous nervous technic	memore: fru e and p gnitive e of on ore effe CE/FU s system transm ques, b	stration, positive for process e's own ective process NCTIO m, Autoritters, Elrain and	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental roblem- N nomous lectrical learning	processolver. nervou activit	sses and as systemy, Even	d how	that	awar e of brotentia	enes	K s can	dead
Outcom Object COGNI Nervous Role of	ive 4 To to TIVE N system neuron, g – Brain 194 To To Tive 4 To Tive 194 To Tive 195 To Ti	positive expositive laborate Become becomin EURO S central paragraphics imaging o aware	e aware g a mo CIENO nervou neuro technic of one	memore fru e and p gnitive e of on ore effe CE/FU s system transm ques, b 's own	e's own ective processing, Automitters, Elirain and mental	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental roblem- N nomous lectrical learning	processolver. nervou activit	sses and as systemy, Even	d how	that	awar e of brotentia	enes	K s can	dead
Outcom Object COGNI Nervous Role of	ive 4 To to TIVE N system neuron, g – Brain 194 To To Tive 4 To Tive 194 To Tive 195 To Ti	positive expositive expositive expositive laborate becoming EURO Secontral resynapses, imaging	e aware g a mo CIENO nervou neuro technic of one	memore fru e and p gnitive e of on ore effe CE/FU s system transm ques, b 's own	stration, positive for process e's own ective process NCTIO m, Autor itters, Elerain and mental we proble	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental roblem- N nomous lectrical learning	processolver. nervou activit	sses and as systemy, Even	d how	that	awar e of brotentia	enes	K s can	leac
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Object Object Object Object Object Object	ive 4 To to TIVE N system neuron, g - Brain e4 To b	positive expositive laborate Become becomin EURO S central resynapses, imaging o aware ecome a	e aware g a more of one work of a tand v	memore fruitive e and pre effective e and pre	e's own ective processing, Autoritters, Elirain and mental	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental roblem- N nomous lectrical learning process em-solv Unit V	nervou activit g. ses and	sses and as systemy, Even	d how	that	awar e of brotentia	enes	K s can	leac
COGNI Nervous Role of Mapping Outcom	ive 4 To to TIVE N system neuron, g – Brain e4 Tive 5 Tive D	positive expositive expositive expositive expositive laborate become becoming EURO Separate exposes, imaging to aware ecome a	e aware g a more of one more of Rand v.R	memorace: frume e and properties of one effective e and properties e of one effective e arious e ariou	e's own ective processitive processitive processitive processitive processitive processition, Autoriters, Elimand mental ve probles cogniti	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental roblem- N nomous lectrical learning process em-solv Unit V ve disor	nervou activit ses and ver.	sses and ss systemy, Even	d how	that	awar e of brotentia	enessain a al (E)	Ko Ko Ko	deac
Object COGNI Mapping Outcom Object COGNI CogNI CogNI CogNI CogNI CogNI CogNI CogNI CogNI	ive 4 To to TIVE N system neuron, g - Brain e4 TIVE D signs of	positive expositive laborate Become becomin EURO S central resynapses, imaging o aware ecome a o unders	e aware g a more of one more of the control of the	memore: fru e and properties e of on ore effectives system ques, befrective arious der, an	stration, positive for process e's own ective process NCTIO m, Autor itters, Elerain and mental we proble s cognition	disappo feelings. ses Unit IV mental roblem- N nomous lectrical learning process em-solv Unit V ve disor	nervou activit g. ses and ver.	sses and ss systemy, Even	d how	that	awar e of brotentia	enessain a al (E)	Ko Ko Ko	deac

Suggested Readings:

Baron, J.B. & Sternberg, RJ. (Eds.) (1987). Teaching thinking skills: Theory and practice. New York:Freeman.

Beyer, B. (1988). Developing a thinking skills program. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.

Cormier, S.M. & Hagman, J.D. (Eds.) (1987). Transfer of training. San Diego, CA: Academic Press.

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De Bono, E. (1985) Six thinking hats. London: Penguin.

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Theoretical, psychological and learning implications. London: Freund Publishing House.

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Roth, M. and Szamoskozi, S. (2001). Activating cognitive functions of children living in an impoverished environment: A Romanian perspective. Hampshire, England: Project INSIDE.

Mooc Course: Student Psychology

Abnormal Psychology

Online resources

https://dst.gov.in/cognitive-science-research-initiative-csri

https://www.nature.com/subjects/cognitive-neuroscience

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/15516709

https://cognitivesciencesociety.org/

https://uwaterloo.ca/psychology/research/research-areas/cognitive-neuroscience-psychology

Mooc Course: Introduction to Brain & Behaviour https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21 hs19/preview

K1-Remember	K2-Understand	K3-Apply	K4-Analyze	K4-Evaluate	K6-Create
			Course designe	d by: Dr.M.Pari	mala Fathima

COURSE OUTCOMES VS PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

СО	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10
CO 1	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	-	-	L(1)	M(2)	-	-
CO 2	L(1)	M(2)	M (2)	M (2)	-	L(1)	-	M (2)	H(3)	M(2)
CO 3	M (2)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	-	H(3)	L(1)	H(3)	M(2)	M(2)
CO 4	L(1)	-	L(1)	L (1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)	M (2)	M(2)	M(2)
CO 5	H(3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	Н(3	H(3)	M(2)	H(3)	H(3)	L(1)
W.AV.	1.6	1.2	1.6	1.8	0.8	1.8	1	2.4	2	1.4

1. Slight (low), 2. Moderate (Medium), 3. High

COURSE OUTCOMES VS PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

СО	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)
CO 2	M(2)	M(2)	M (2)	M(2)	M(2)
CO 3	M (2)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M (2)
CO 4	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M (2)
CO 5	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	H(3)	H(3)
W.AV.	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.2

1. Slight (low), 2. Moderate (Medium), 3. High

Core	Co	ourse Code:	C	Coun	selin	g and	l Ps	ycho	oth	eraj	py f	or	chil	dren	P	(Credi	ts:5	H	ours: 10
		717 103			wit	th spe	cial	nee	eds-	Cas	se St	tud	ly							
							J	Jnit	: -I											
Objectiv	e 1	To impart kı	knov	wled	lge o	f basi	ics o	f co	uns	elin	ig a	nd	psy	chotl	hera	рy	,			
Memo	ry to	est																		
	Re	call																		
		rival																		
Outcome		Students wo	ould	d be	able	to ap	ply	thes	se ir	n re	sear	rch	and	d dev	elop	m	ent			K3
								Jnit	II											
Objectiv	e 2	To familiar	rize	e th	he s	stude				pos	itiv	e	per	spect	tives	. ,	of c	ouns	seli	ing and
		psychothera) Dept			-	•						S
Intelli	genc	e				Alm,					400	5								
	Bh	atia's Battery	y of	Perf	forma	ance [Γest													
	Dra	aw a man test	st																	
Outcome	2	Students wo	voul	ld ga	in k	nowl	edge	abo	out	pra	ctic	cal	pro	cess i	in co	u	nselir	ıg aı	nd	K2
		psychothera	rapy	y		W	A	A	P		V.									
						NIE	U	nit	III	-9	10									
Objectiv	e 3	To prepare t	the	stuc	dents	s as c	ouns	selin	ıg a	nd j	psy	cho	othe	rapy	pro	fes	ssion	als		
Aptitu	de a	nd interest in	nver	ntori	es	-	3	è		Z			À							
	Dif	ferential aptit	itud	le Te	est (D	OAT)		J												
	Th	arstone Intere	est S	Sche	edule															
Outcome	3	Students wor	ould	d be	able	to pla	an a	nd c	cone	duc	t co	un	seliı	ng se	ssior	ns				K3
							U	Jnit	IV											
Objectiv	e 4	To familiariz	ize	the s	stude	ents v	vith	life	skil	lls										
Person	nalit	y tests																		
	Eys	senck Persona	nalit	ty Inv	vento	ory (E	PI)													
	Be	l's adjustmen	ent I	nven	ntory															
Outcome	4	Students wo	oul	d be	ecom	e pro	fici	ent	to 1	the	ski	lls	and	l pro	cedı	ur	es fo	r		K6
		delivering in	ntei	rven	tions	s.														
							J	Unit	V										•	
Objectiv	e 5	To understa	and	skil	ls an	d pro	ced	ures	s in	del	iver	rinş	g in	terve	ntio	ns				
Case s	tudy	- children wit	ith s	speci	ial ne	eeds														
				•															-	
Outcome		Students wo				e to de	evelo	op a	ıboı	ut p	orac	etic	al p	roce	ss in	(CO	unse	lling	5	K6
		and psychotl	thei	rapy	7															

Suggested Readings:

Baron, J.B. & Sternberg, RJ. (Eds.) (1987).

Teaching thinking skills: Theory and practice. New York: Freeman.

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Roth, M. and Szamoskozi, S. (2001). Activating cognitive functions of children living in an impoverished environment: A Romanian perspective. Hampshire, England: Project INSIDE.

Online resources

http://www.counseling.org

http://www.academia.edu

http://www.tandfonline.com

http://www.jstor.org 5.

http://www.apa.orgMooc Course: Student

Psychology

Abnormal Psychology

K1-Remember	K2-Understand	K3-Apply	K4-Analyze	K4-Evaluate	K6-Create
			Course designe	ed by: Dr.M.Pari	mala Fathima

Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1	
										0	
CO1	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	-	-	L(1)	-	-	-	
CO2	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	-	L(1)	-	L (1)	M (2)	L(1)	
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S (3)	M (2)	L(1)	S (3)	L (1)	L (1)	S (3)	L(1)	
CO4	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)	S (3)	L(1)	
CO5	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	S(3)	S (3)	L(1)	
W.A V	1.6	1.8	1.6	2.2	1.2	2	1.6	1.6	1.4	0.8	
	ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY 10										

S – Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	M (2)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)	L (1)
CO2	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)
CO3	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (3)	M(2)
CO4	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M (2)	S (3)
CO5	L (1)	M(2)	M (2)	M (3)	S (3)
W.AV	1.8	2	2	2	2

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

				I
Core	Course Code:	Mindfulness Education /Yoga/Meditation	P Credits:5	Hours:10
	717 104	TI24 T		
Ob:4	: 1 T- :	Unit -I		
		fundamentals of mindfulness education		
-	ndfulness of Breatl	ion for mindfulness practice		
	idfulliess of Breau idful walking	I		
Outcon		how mindfulness can improve well being a	nd norforman	oo of V3
Outcom	the individ	how mindfulness can improve well-being an	nu periorman	ce oi K3
	the marvia	Unit II		
Ohjecti	iva 2 Ta familia	rize the students with mindfulness strategies		
	ling emotions in the			
	F-regulation	e body		
		the causes, and able to cope stress, anxiety a	nd mood swins	g K2
Oute	omez enderstan	112	ad mood swing	5 132
		Unit III		
		nce and gain insights of mindfulness		
	ndful eating			
	ndful listening			
	ndful appreciation			1
Outcon		the benefit <mark>s</mark> of <mark>min</mark> dfulne <mark>ss attitud</mark> e like acce	eptance, kindn	iess, K4
	gratitude.			
014		Unit IV		
_	<u> </u>	h a regular meditation practices		
	1	ractice for an individual		1
Outcon	ne4 Be more fo	cused and productive		K6
		Unit V		
		the students to better interpersonal and intra	personal relat	tionship.
	ta cognitive aware			
Outco		ould be able to develop about practical proce	ess incounselli	ng K6
	andpsycho	therapy		

Suggested Readings:

Anderson, J.R. (2010). Cognitive Psychology and Its Implications. NewYork, NY: Worth Publishers.

Boller F & Samp; Grafman J (1988). Handbook of neuropsychology. New York: Elsevier

Eysenck, M.W. (1990). Cognitive Psychology: An International Review. West Sussex,

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Online resources

- 1. http://www.counseling.org
- 2. http://www.academia.edu
- 3. http://www.tandfonline.com
- 4. http://www.jstor.org 5. http://www.apa.org

Mooc Course: Student Psychology

Abnormal Psychology

K1-Remember	K2-Un <mark>derst</mark> and	K3- Apply	K4-Analyze	K5-Evaluate	K6-Create		
Course Designed by: Dr.M.Sanmugarev							
				Dr.	S.Sumithra		

Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	-	-	L(1)	-	-	M(2)
CO2	M (2)	M(2)	M (2)	M (2)	-	L(1)	-	L(1)	M (2)	L (1)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S (3)	M (2)	L(1)	S (3)	L(1)	L(1)	S (3)	M(2)
CO4	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)	S (3)	L(1)
CO5	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	S(3)	S (3)	M(2)
W.AV	1.6	2.2	1.6	1.4	1.2	2	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.6

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	M (2)	L(1)	L(1)	L (1)	S(3)
CO2	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)
CO3	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (3)	M(2)
CO4	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M (2)	S (3)
CO5	L(1)	M(2)	M (2)	M (3)	S (3)
W.AV	1.8	2	2	2.2	2.4

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)



EDUCATION CAMPUS